

## CENTRAL BANK OF BELIZE

# INTERNATIONAL BANKING ACT Circular No. 1 of 2011

### Classification of Loans & Other Assets, 2011

#### **Title and Commencement**

This Circular shall be called International Banking Act (IBA) Circular #1/2011 and shall come into effect on 1 December 2011.

#### **Authority**

This Circular is made in exercise of the authority conferred on the Central Bank of Belize (the Central Bank) by Section 45(1) of the IBA.

#### **Summary**

This Circular prescribes the methodology for the evaluation and classification of loans and other assets held by licensees, and the procedures for applying this methodology.

#### **Definitions**

- 1. Non-performing Loans and Other Interest-bearing Assets are those whose: a) principal and/or interest are due and unpaid for ninety days or more based on pre-established repayment terms; or b) interest payments equal to ninety days interest or more have been capitalized. Overdrafts and other credit facilities without pre-established repayment terms are considered non-performing when deposits are insufficient to cover the interest capitalized for ninety days or more. The principal balance outstanding and not the amount of delinquent payments is used in calculating the aggregate amount of non-performing loans.
- 2. Restructured Loans and Advances are credit facilities which have been refinanced, rescheduled, rolled-over, or otherwise modified under more favorable terms and conditions for the borrower because of weaknesses in the borrower's financial condition and/or repayment ability.

**3.** Other Assets are overdrafts and other credit facilities or any other asset that does not have a pre-established repayment term.

#### REQUIREMENTS

#### A. Classification System

#### 1. Adversely Classified Loans and Other Assets:

Loans and other assets are to be adversely classified when there are well defined credit weaknesses, such as: when the borrower's cash flow is insufficient to service the debt as arranged; when there are several renewals with capitalization of interest; or when the primary source of repayment is insufficient to service the debt and the bank has to look to secondary sources such as collateral or refinancing for repayment; provided that where full security is in place in the form of cash held with the lending institution or in readily marketable Government securities, loans and other assets may be excluded from adverse classification.

Additionally, insolvency or bankruptcy of a borrower should immediately trigger an adverse classification.

Adversely Classified Loans and Other Assets are to be placed in the following categories according to the specific weaknesses outlined below:

- a) <u>Loans and Other Assets are to be classified as **SUBSTANDARD** when any one or more of the following conditions exist:</u>
  - (i) loans are three and up to six months in arrears; or
  - (ii) the approved limit on overdraft facilities has been exceeded for six months to less than twelve months; or
  - (iii) interest charges on overdraft facilities have not been covered by deposits for three to less than six months; or
  - (iv) loans and other assets fully secured by government guarantees are three and up to six months in arrears and the said government guarantees are ruled invalid by a court; or
  - (v) contractual arrangements on other assets are not being met.

- b) <u>Loans and Other Assets are to be classified as **DOUBTFUL** when any one or of more of the following conditions exist:</u>
  - (i) loans are over six and up to twelve months in arrears; or
  - (ii) interest charges on overdraft facilities have not been covered by deposits for six to less than twelve months; or
  - (iii) the approved limit on overdraft facilities has been exceeded for twelve months to less than eighteen months; or
  - (iv) loans and other assets fully secured by government guarantees are six and up to twelve months in arrears and the said government guarantees are ruled invalid by a court; or
  - (v) collection of other assets under contractual arrangements is highly unlikely.
- c) <u>Loans and Other Assets are to be classified as **LOSS** when any one or more of the following conditions exist:</u>
  - (i) loans are over twelve months in arrears; or
  - (ii) interest charges on overdraft facilities have not been covered by deposits for twelve months or more; or
  - (iii) the approved limit on overdraft facilities has been exceeded for eighteen months or more; or
  - (iv) loans and other assets fully secured by government guarantees are more than twelve months in arrears and the said government guarantees are ruled invalid by a court; or
  - (v) where other assets under contractual arrangements are considered uncollectible.

#### 2. Not Adversely Classified Loans and Other Assets:

Loans and other assets which are not adversely classified may, at the discretion of the licensee, be categorized in the manner outlined below:

#### a) Loans and Other Assets may be classified as SPECIAL MENTION when:

- (i) They are in arrears for a period of less than three months; or
- (ii) They are current but the bank is aware of factors which may adversely affect the borrower's ability to service the loan as agreed, such as when the financial condition of the borrower deteriorates or when market conditions affecting the borrower declines significantly;

All loans and other assets which do not fit any of the above-mentioned categories may be classified as PASS.

### **B.** Restructured Non-performing Loans

Restructured non-performing loans should not be classified as PASS for a minimum of six months following modification of the credit agreement.

### C. Frequency and Reporting of Classification

- 1. Loan classification reviews should be conducted by licensees at least quarterly based on the licensee's financial year; and
- 2. A list of all classified facilities shall be reported by each licensee to the Central Bank on a quarterly basis on Bank Return IBR4, based on the licensee's financial year. In addition, on a monthly basis, each licensee shall report an aggregate of classified loans to the Central Bank on Bank Return IBR4a.

#### D. Relationship to Other Circulars

This Circular should be read in conjunction with the companion Circulars on Treatment of Interest on Loans and Other Interest-Bearing Assets, 2011 and Loan Loss Reserves, 2011.

#### **1 December 2011**